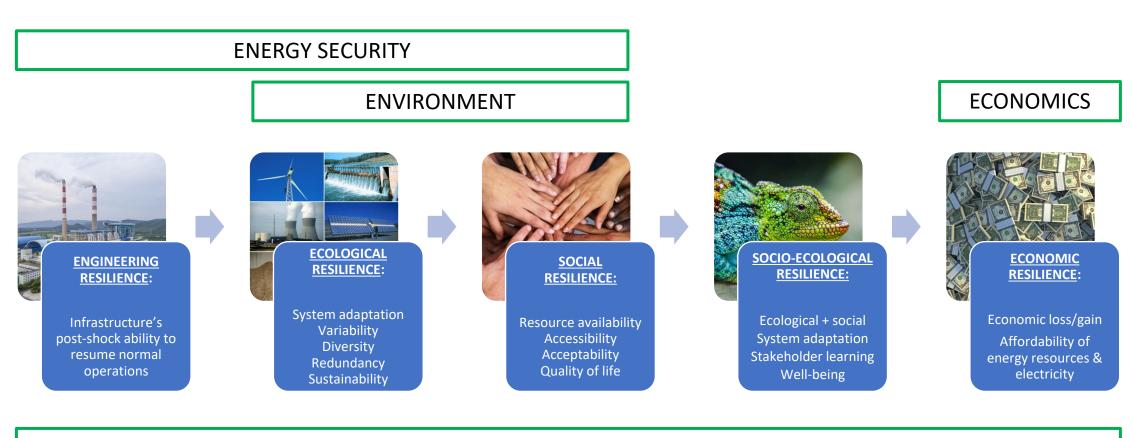


# U.S.-Japan Energy & Climate Resilience: Priorities & Prospects



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Securing Energy by Responding to Climate Change
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# Resilience Priorities: Influence on U.S. & Japanese Energy & Climate Strategies



#### **POLITICS + PROCESS**

## 3Es Resilience Priorities:

### Influence on U.S. & Japanese Energy & Climate Strategies

JP

#### **Energy Security**

Energy storage grid access

Securing mineral & battery supply chains

Renewables to replace older coal plants

Environmen Offshore wind, hydrogen, & ammonia

t

Renewables land use

**Economics** 

Grid usage fees for renewables producers

**Energy Security** 

Use of federal lands

Made & mined in US

Securing mineral & battery supply chains

Streamlined permitting

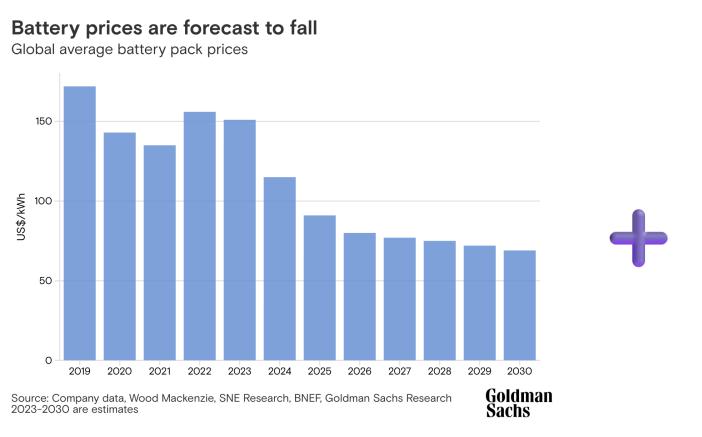
**Environment** 

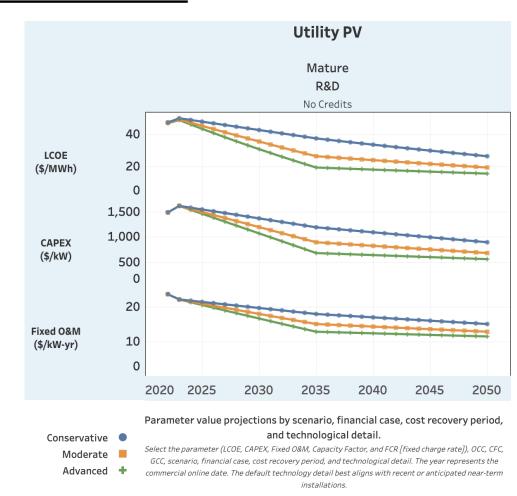
**Economics** 

US

Renewables land use

#### **Evolution of Economic Resilience**





= Utility scale energy storage capability 👔

= Grid interconnection capability: Improving but backlogged

Companies = key: unlikely to reverse existing clean energy investments

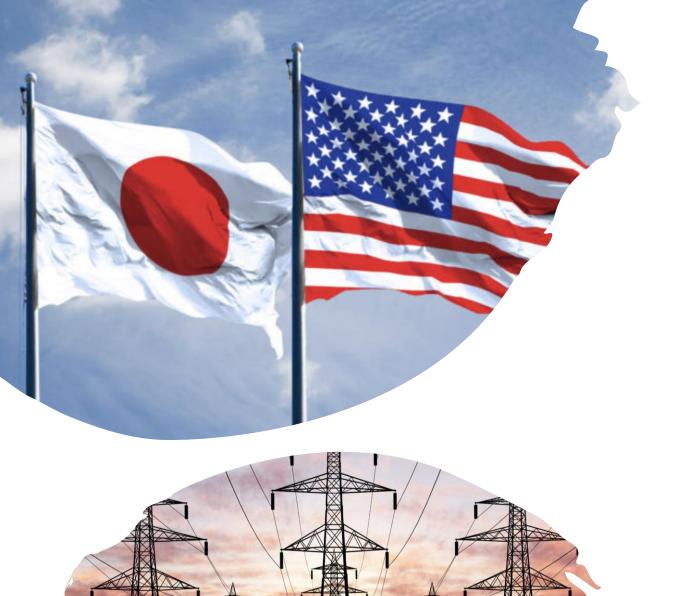
NREL, 2024

### Politics & Process: Influence on U.S. & Japanese Energy & Climate Strategies

	U.S.	Japan
POLITICS		
National	Upcoming election	New PM: focus on hydro & geothermal
State/Prefecture	Upcoming elections	Upcoming elections
Local	Siting & employment	Siting & employment
PROCESS	<ul> <li>State leadership: CA, MA, NY, TX</li> <li>Trump: Limits on states through Supreme Court &amp; EPA + Executive Orders</li> <li>Harris: Federal + state climate &amp; energy incentives</li> </ul>	Land use restrictions for solar     New nuclear construction

#### **U.S.-Japan Energy Cooperation Prospects**

Energy Technology	Trump Administration	Kamala Harris Administration
Hydrogen	blue + purple	blue + purple + green
Nuclear Fission & Fusion	Yes	Yes
Natural Gas	Yes	Yes
Critical Minerals	Yes	Yes
CCS/CCUS	Yes	Yes
Hydropower	Yes: Large	Yes: All
Offshore Wind	No	Yes
Geothermal	Uncertain	Yes
Solar	Uncertain	Yes
Battery storage	Possible	Yes



THANK YOU!

**QUESTIONS?** 

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#### Cover images:

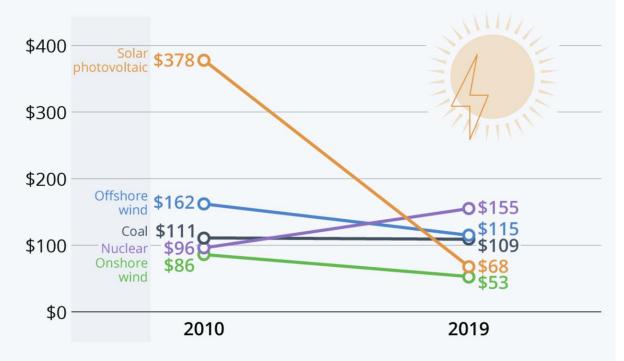
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### **Additional Material**

# The Falling Cost of Renewable Energy

Price per megawatt hour of electricity, by source\*



<sup>\*</sup> Global weighted average of levelized costs of energy (LCOE), without subsidies. Source: OurWorldinData.org







#### **Local Initiatives**

#### **U.S. leaders:**

**California:** auto emissions standards, EV + charging incentives, energy efficiency rebates

Massachusetts: Energy efficiency

New York: Accelerated Renewable Energy Growth & Community Benefit Act: streamlines siting and environmental reviews, includes community

engagement & benefits

22 states + DC have RPS or Clean Energy Standard of 100% by 2033-2050

22 states + DC have energy storage incentives

12 states have energy storage targets

Most battery storage added in the US in 2023 was in CA and TX (https://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.php?id=61202)

#### <u>Japanese leaders:</u>

Land use: In April 2024, Miyagi Prefecture became 1st local government implementing an ordinance to impose taxes specifically targeting renewable facilities. Ordinance imposes a tax on owners of renewable energy facilities (solar, wind or biomass) newly installed through the development of forest areas larger than 0.5 ha in proportion to the power capacity. new measure to drive the location of new renewable energy power projects outside of forest areas, with approximately 60% of all prefectures nationwide being "interested" in such ordinance.

In Tohoku, in addition to Miyagi Prefecture, Aomori Prefecture also announced in September 2023 its intention to introduce a new tax targeting renewable energy facilities, especially onshore wind projects (in April 2024, the governor suggested at a press conference that the scope should include solar projects too).

Governor of Yamagata Prefecture also stated interest in a tax at a press conference in April 2024. (https://www.orrick.com/en/Insights/2024/07/Japan-Renewables-Alert-68)

# Combining New Capitalism and Energy Resilience Thinking: Green Transformation GX Strategy

New efficient coal plant construction

Securing supply chains for LNG, critical rare earth minerals, & batteries

Domestic battery storage development

Renewables to replace older, inefficient coal plants, e.g., solar + geothermal via Green Innovation Fund

Domestic offshore wind supply chain + cost ↓

**GX GOALS** 

Counter supply chain uncertainties

Advance climate change goals: carbon neutrality by 2050 46% GHG emissions ↓ by FY 2030

Accelerate nuclear reactor restarts

Energy efficiency

& conservation

 Design & build advanced reactors via Green Innovation Fund

Support back end of fuel cycle

**Build self-sufficiency** 

How to get there?

CCUS & carbon recycling roadmap of responsibilities + business framework

Domestic hydrogen & ammonia supply chains: green + purple hydrogen